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(ii) When the valve has not responded as intended to the selected position or function.

[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–40, 42 FR 15044, Mar. 17, 1977; Amdt. 25–72, 55 FR 29785, July 20, 1990; Amdt. 25–115, 69 FR 40527, July 2, 2004]

§ 25.1142 Auxiliary power unit controls.

Means must be provided on the flight deck for starting, stopping, and emergency shutdown of each installed auxiliary power unit.

[Amdt. 25-46, 43 FR 50598, Oct. 30, 1978]

§ 25.1143 Engine controls.

- (a) There must be a separate power or thrust control for each engine.
- (b) Power and thrust controls must be arranged to allow—
- (1) Separate control of each engine; and
- (2) Simultaneous control of all engines.
- (c) Each power and thrust control must provide a positive and immediately responsive means of controlling its engine.
- (d) For each fluid injection (other than fuel) system and its controls not provided and approved as part of the engine, the applicant must show that the flow of the injection fluid is adequately controlled.
- (e) If a power or thrust control incorporates a fuel shutoff feature, the control must have a means to prevent the inadvertent movement of the control into the shutoff position. The means must—
- (1) Have a positive lock or stop at the idle position; and
- (2) Require a separate and distinct operation to place the control in the shutoff position.

[Amdt. 25–23, 35 FR 5677, Apr. 8, 1970, as amended by Amdt. 25–38, 41 FR 55467, Dec. 20, 1976; Amdt. 25–57, 49 FR 6849, Feb. 23, 1984]

§25.1145 Ignition switches.

- (a) Ignition switches must control each engine ignition circuit on each engine.
- (b) There must be means to quickly shut off all ignition by the grouping of switches or by a master ignition control.

(c) Each group of ignition switches, except ignition switches for turbine engines for which continuous ignition is not required, and each master ignition control must have a means to prevent its inadvertent operation.

[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–40, 42 FR 15044 Mar. 17, 1977]

§25.1147 Mixture controls.

- (a) If there are mixture controls, each engine must have a separate control. The controls must be grouped and arranged to allow—
- (1) Separate control of each engine; and
- (2) Simultaneous control of all engines.
- (b) Each intermediate position of the mixture controls that corresponds to a normal operating setting must be identifiable by feel and sight.
- (c) The mixture controls must be accessible to both pilots. However, if there is a separate flight engineer station with a control panel, the controls need be accessible only to the flight engineer.

§ 25.1149 Propeller speed and pitch controls.

- (a) There must be a separate propeller speed and pitch control for each propeller.
- (b) The controls must be grouped and arranged to allow—
- (1) Separate control of each propeller; and
- (2) Simultaneous control of all propellers.
- (c) The controls must allow synchronization of all propellers.
- (d) The propeller speed and pitch controls must be to the right of, and at least one inch below, the pilot's throttle controls.

§25.1153 Propeller feathering controls.

- (a) There must be a separate propeller feathering control for each propeller. The control must have means to prevent its inadvertent operation.
- (b) If feathering is accomplished by movement of the propeller pitch or speed control lever, there must be means to prevent the inadvertent

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movement of this lever to the feathering position during normal operation.

[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–11, 32 FR 6913, May 5, 1967]

§ 25.1155 Reverse thrust and propeller pitch settings below the flight regime.

Each control for reverse thrust and for propeller pitch settings below the flight regime must have means to prevent its inadvertent operation. The means must have a positive lock or stop at the flight idle position and must require a separate and distinct operation by the crew to displace the control from the flight regime (forward thrust regime for turbojet powered airplanes).

[Amdt. 25-11, 32 FR 6913, May 5, 1967]

§ 25.1157 Carburetor air temperature controls.

There must be a separate carburetor air temperature control for each engine.

§25.1159 Supercharger controls.

Each supercharger control must be accessible to the pilots or, if there is a separate flight engineer station with a control panel, to the flight engineer.

§ 25.1161 Fuel jettisoning system controls.

Each fuel jettisoning system control must have guards to prevent inadvertent operation. No control may be near any fire extinguisher control or other control used to combat fire.

§25.1163 Powerplant accessories.

- (a) Each engine mounted accessory must—
- (1) Be approved for mounting on the engine involved;
- (2) Use the provisions on the engine for mounting; and
- (3) Be sealed to prevent contamination of the engine oil system and the accessory system.
- (b) Electrical equipment subject to arcing or sparking must be installed to minimize the probability of contact with any flammable fluids or vapors that might be present in a free state.

(c) If continued rotation of an enginedriven cabin supercharger or of any remote accessory driven by the engine is hazardous if malfunctioning occurs, there must be means to prevent rotation without interfering with the continued operation of the engine.

[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–57, 49 FR 6849, Feb. 23, 1984]

§ 25.1165 Engine ignition systems.

- (a) Each battery ignition system must be supplemented by a generator that is automatically available as an alternate source of electrical energy to allow continued engine operation if any battery becomes depleted.
- (b) The capacity of batteries and generators must be large enough to meet the simultaneous demands of the engine ignition system and the greatest demands of any electrical system components that draw electrical energy from the same source.
- (c) The design of the engine ignition system must account for— $\,$
- (1) The condition of an inoperative generator:
- (2) The condition of a completely depleted battery with the generator running at its normal operating speed; and
- (3) The condition of a completely depleted battery with the generator operating at idling speed, if there is only one battery.
- (d) Magneto ground wiring (for separate ignition circuits) that lies on the engine side of the fire wall, must be installed, located, or protected, to minimize the probability of simultaneous failure of two or more wires as a result of mechanical damage, electrical faults, or other cause.
- (e) No ground wire for any engine may be routed through a fire zone of another engine unless each part of that wire within that zone is fireproof.
- (f) Each ignition system must be independent of any electrical circuit, not used for assisting, controlling, or analyzing the operation of that system.
- (g) There must be means to warn appropriate flight crewmembers if the malfunctioning of any part of the electrical system is causing the continuous discharge of any battery necessary for engine ignition.